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first financial bancorp

Investor Presentation

First Quarter 2012





Forward Looking Statement Disclosure

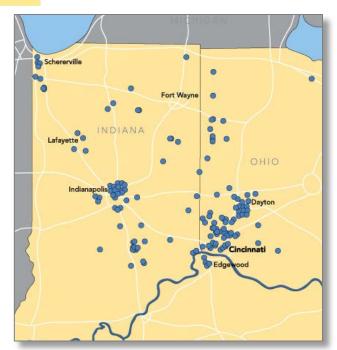
Certain statements contained in this presentation which are not statements of historical fact constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act (the "Act"). In addition, certain statements in future filings by First Financial with the SEC, in press releases, and in oral and written statements made by or with the approval of First Financial which are not statements of historical fact constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Act. Examples of forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, projections of revenues, income or loss, earnings or loss per share, the payment or non-payment of dividends, capital structure and other financial items, statements of plans and objectives of First Financial or its management or board of directors, and statements of future economic performances and statements of assumptions underlying such statements. Words such as "believes," "anticipates," "likely," "expected," "intends," and other similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. Management's analysis contains forward-looking statements that are provided to assist in the understanding of anticipated future financial performance. However, such performance involves risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially. Factors that could cause actual results to differ from those discussed in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to:

- · management's ability to effectively execute its business plan;
- the risk that the strength of the United States economy in general and the strength of the local economies in which we conduct operations may continue to deteriorate resulting in, among other things, a further deterioration in credit quality or a reduced demand for credit, including the resultant effect on our loan portfolio, allowance for loan and lease losses and overall financial performance;
- the effects of the potential delay or failure of the U.S. federal government to pay its debts as they become due or make payments in the ordinary course;
- the ability of financial institutions to access sources of liquidity at a reasonable cost;
- the impact of recent upheaval in the financial markets and the effectiveness of domestic and international governmental actions taken in response, such as the U.S. Treasury's TARP and the FDIC's Temporary Liquidity Guarantee Program, and the effect of such governmental actions on us, our competitors and counterparties, financial markets generally and availability of credit specifically, and the U.S. and international economies, including potentially higher FDIC premiums arising from increased payments from FDIC insurance funds as a result of depository institution failures;
- the effect of and changes in policies and laws or regulatory agencies (notably the recently enacted Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act);
- inflation and possible changes in interest rates;
- our ability to keep up with technological changes:
- our ability to comply with the terms of loss sharing agreements with the FDIC;
- mergers and acquisitions, including costs or difficulties related to the integration of acquired companies and the wind-down of non-strategic operations that may be greater than expected, such as the
 previous activities of Irwin Union Bank & Trust Company and its former affiliates, including the risks and uncertainties associated with the Irwin Mortgage Corporation bankruptcy proceedings and other
 acquired subsidiaries;
- the risk that exploring merger and acquisition opportunities may detract from management's time and ability to successfully manage our company;
- expected cost savings in connection with the consolidation of recent acquisitions may not be fully realized or realized within the expected time frames, and deposit attrition, customer loss and revenue loss following completed acquisitions may be greater than expected;
- · our ability to increase market share and control expenses;
- the effect of changes in accounting policies and practices, as may be adopted by the regulatory agencies as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board and the SEC;
- · adverse changes in the securities and debt markets;
- our success in recruiting and retaining the necessary personnel to support business growth and expansion and maintain sufficient expertise to support increasingly complex products and services;
- monetary and fiscal policies of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (Federal Reserve) and the U.S. government and other governmental initiatives affecting the financial services industry;
- our ability to manage loan delinquency and charge-off rates and changes in estimation of the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses; and
- · the costs and effects of litigation and of unexpected or adverse outcomes in such litigation.

In addition, please refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, as well as our other filings with the SEC, for a more detailed discussion of these risks and uncertainties and other factors. Such forward-looking statements are meaningful only on the date when such statements are made, and First Financial undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which such a statement is made to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Focused Business Strategy

- Client intimate strategy focused on long-term, profitable relationships with clients
- Strong sales culture that is aggressive in attracting business with the appropriate risk and return
- Lines of business
 - Commercial
 - Retail
 - Wealth Management
 - Franchise Finance
- Target clients
 - Individuals and small / mid-size businesses located within the regional markets we serve
- Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky
 - 136 locations primarily focused on metro and nearmetro markets
- Primary focus and value creation is through organic growth in key regional markets
- Key initiatives for additional revenue growth
 - Mortgage
 - Small business banking



Top SBA Lenders - SBA Fiscal Year 2011 Southwest Ohio ¹										
2011 Rank	Name	Number of Loans	Annual Increase (%)	Total Loans (\$MM)	Annual Increase (%)					
1	Huntington Bank	168	124.0	\$ 19.4	65.0					
2	First Financial Bank	68	106.1	26.0	278.9					
3	US Bank	40	(20.0)	6.0	34.4					
4	Chase	19	35.7	4.2	182.6					
5	RiverHills Bank	18	(41.9)	4.1	(19.1)					
6	Fifth Third Bank	14	(26.3)	5.8	26.0					
6	Key Bank	14	75.0	3.9	153.9					
7	PNC Bank	12	100.0	1.2	(28.2)					
8	Stock Yards Bank & Trust	11	37.5	2.0	33.8					

Source: Small Business Administration; Business Courier

Counties of Butler, Clermont, Hamilton and Warren



Strategy and Execution – Recent History

Franchise Repositioning 2005 – 2008

While the industry was pursuing growth via high-priced acquisitions and real estate lending, First Financial:

- Consolidated 14 charters, implemented one brand and updated IT infrastructure to drive efficiency
- Sold NPAs in a strong pricing environment
- Exited non-strategic business lines such as insurance, indirect auto and mortgage servicing
- Consolidated / sold nonstrategic and underperforming branch locations
- Moved headquarters to Cincinnati and expanded operations in this market
- Recruited key additions to management team

FDIC Acquisitions 2009

While the industry was dealing with credit and operational issues, First Financial capitalized on FDIC-assisted acquisitions in a non-competitive environment:

- Completed \$103.5 million common equity offering
- Peoples Community
 - Asset discount of approximately 7%
- Irwin Union Bank & Trust / Irwin Union FSB
 - Asset discount of approximately 25%
 - Pre-tax bargain purchase gain of \$342.5 million
- Both transactions substantially increased branch presence within strategic operating footprint
- Strategic core deposit retention, covered loan performance and subsequent growth have exceeded initial expectations

Integration / Operational Execution 2010

As competition heated up for FDIC acquisitions and deal pricing increased, First Financial focused internally on operations:

- Completed \$96.5 million common equity offering
- Completed the operational integration of the 2009 FDICassisted transactions
- Exited non-strategic markets associated with the acquisitions
- Invested in business lines identified for future growth opportunities
- Used liquidity to prepay \$232 million of FHLB advances, enhancing net interest margin in future periods
- Implemented efficiency initiatives designed to lower operating costs

Capital Mgmt. / Redeployment 2011 – 2012

While the M&A market remains slow and the industry struggles with capital deployment, First Financial:

- Acquired 16 branches from Liberty Savings Bank, 12 of which are located in the Dayton market
- Acquired 22 branches from Flagstar Bank, 18 of which are located in the Indianapolis market
- Both transactions expected to drive growth across all business lines in key strategic metropolitan markets
- Announced implementation of variable dividend / 100% payout, increasing total shareholder return while maintaining flexibility to capitalize on future opportunities



Franchise Summary Comparison

Consistent and solid profitability

- LTM ROAA of 1.05% compared to peer median of 0.90%
- LTM ROAE of 9.30% compared to peer median of 7.82%
- LTM net interest margin of 4.50% compared to peer median of 3.78%

Capital levels extremely robust and have capacity to support significant asset growth

- Tangible common equity of 9.66% compared to peer median of 8.62%
- Total capital ratio of 18.45% compared to peer median of 15.41%
- Estimated asset growth capacity of approximately \$1.5 billion

Dividend payout ratio of 100% and yield of 7.3%

- Peer median LTM dividend payout ratio of 31%
- Peer median dividend yield 2.7%

Low risk balance sheet

- Risk weighted assets / total assets of 58% compared to peer median of 67%
- Quarterly return on average risk weighted assets of 1.86% compared to peer median of 1.22%

Peer Group comprised of the component banks within the KBW Regional Bank Index (49 total companies excluding First Financial); peer median data as of March 31, 2012 except for risk weighted asset data which is as of December 31, 2011. Dividend valuation data as of May 21, 2012.



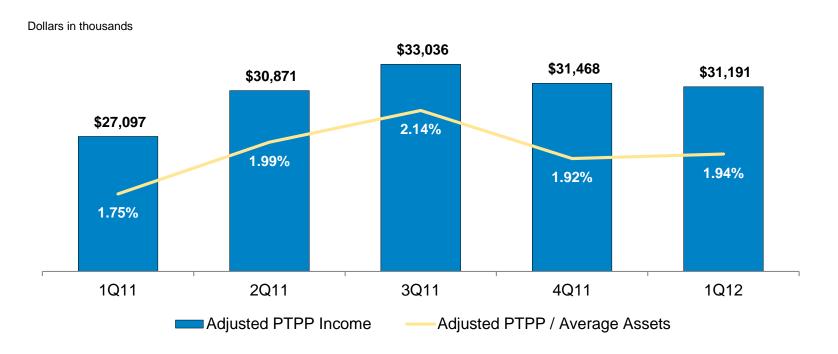
First Quarter 2012 Financial Highlights

- Quarterly net income of \$17.0 million, or \$0.29 per diluted common share
- Adjusted pre-tax, pre-provision income remained strong, totaling \$31.2 million, or 1.94% of average assets
- Continued strong profitability
 - Return on average assets of 1.05%
 - Return on average risk-weighted assets of 1.86%
 - Return on average shareholders' equity of 9.67%
- Quarterly net interest margin increased to 4.51%
 - Cash proceeds from branch acquisitions fully deployed into investment portfolio
 - Cost of deposit funding continues to improve as a result of strategic initiatives
- Continued decline in classified assets and improvement in net charge-offs
 - Classified assets declined \$7.7 million, or 4.7%, compared to linked quarter
 - Net charge-offs decreased 10.2% compared to linked quarter
- Continued focus on efficiency and optimal use of resources
 - Announced openings, actual and planned, of four new locations in key strategic markets
 - Announced branch consolidation plan involving ten locations with estimated annual pre-tax operating costs of \$2.3 million, net of anticipated revenue impact related to deposit attrition



Pre-Tax, Pre-Provision Income Trend

- Adjusted pre-tax, pre-provision income represents income before taxes plus provision for all loans less FDIC loss share income and accelerated discount adjusted for significant nonrecurring items
- First quarter 2012 adjusted PTPP was relatively flat compared to the linked quarter

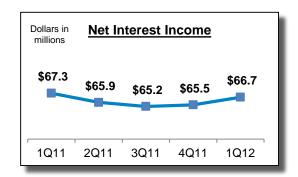




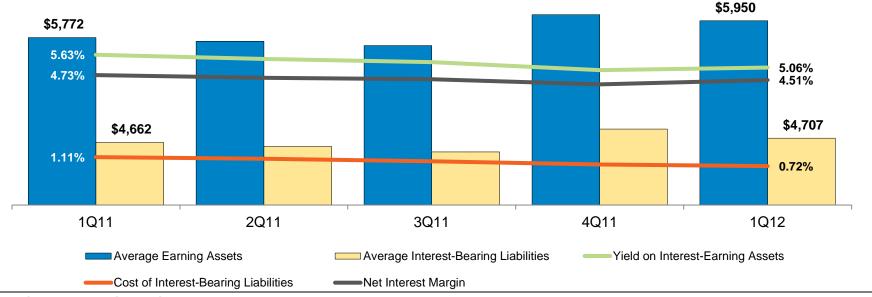
Components of Net Interest Margin

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- Net interest margin increased 19 bps during the first quarter 2012 to 4.51%
- Cash proceeds from 2011 branch acquisitions were fully deployed, driving a 32.4% increase in the average balance in investments
- Yield on investments increased 32 bps during the first quarter 2012 to 2.57%
- Deposit strategies continued to positively impact net interest margin as higher cost time deposits decreased \$163.5 million and the cost of deposit funding declined to 57 bps



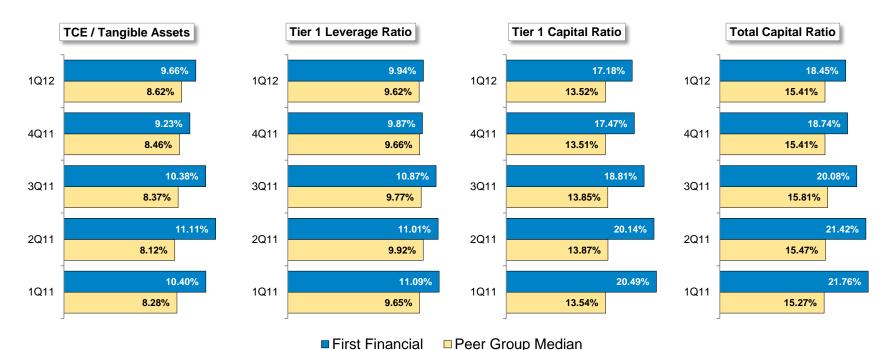
Dollars in millions





Capitalization

- Primary component of capital is common equity
- Capital ratios varied slightly from prior quarter due to decrease in total tangible assets but increase in risk-weighted assets
- Capitalization levels still remain among industry leaders and provide ability to support \$1.5 billion in additional assets under stated capital thresholds



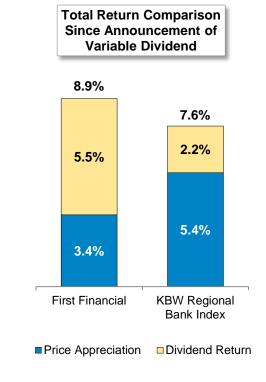
Peer Group comprised of the component banks within the KBW Regional Bank Index (49 total companies excluding First Financial); based on most recent financial information as of May 21, 2012.

Source: Peer Group median data obtained from SNL Financial



Variable Dividend / 100% Payout Ratio

- 100% dividend payout ratio comprised of two components:
 - Regular dividend based on stated payout of between 40% 60% of quarterly earnings; increased 25% to \$0.15 per share
 - Variable dividend based on the remainder of quarterly EPS; \$0.14 per share based on first quarter 2012 earnings
- Stated capital thresholds include a tangible equity ratio of 7%, tier 1 leverage ratio of 8% and total capital ratio of 13%; current capital levels are well in excess of these thresholds and can support significant growth
 - Strong earnings continue to generate capital to support further growth – we are returning this incremental growth capacity to shareholders with the variable dividend
- Variable dividend is intended to provide an enhanced return to our shareholders and avoid adding to our capital position until capital deployment opportunities arise, such as acquisitions or organic growth, that move the Company towards its capital thresholds
- Variable dividend will continue for the next six quarterly dividend payments. Capital retention needs are expected to increase as loans covered under loss share agreements with the FDIC migrate to our uncovered portfolio



Source: Bloomberg; reflects period since First Financial's second quarter 2011 earnings release when initiation of variable dividend was announced; July 28, 2011 through May 21, 2012.

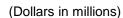


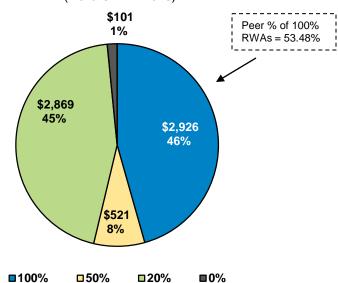
Low Risk Balance Sheet

- Only 46% of First Financial's total assets are 100% risk-weighted assets, over 10% lower than the peer group median
- First Financial's percentage of total riskweighted assets to total assets is 57.8%, over 14% lower than the peer group median
- The lower percentages are driven by the meaningful balance of high-yielding loans covered under loss share agreements with the FDIC
- Return on risk-weighted assets significantly exceeds peer median performance
- First Financial generates higher returns on a lower risk balance sheet relative to the peer group

Total Assets by Risk Weighting %

As of March 31, 2012





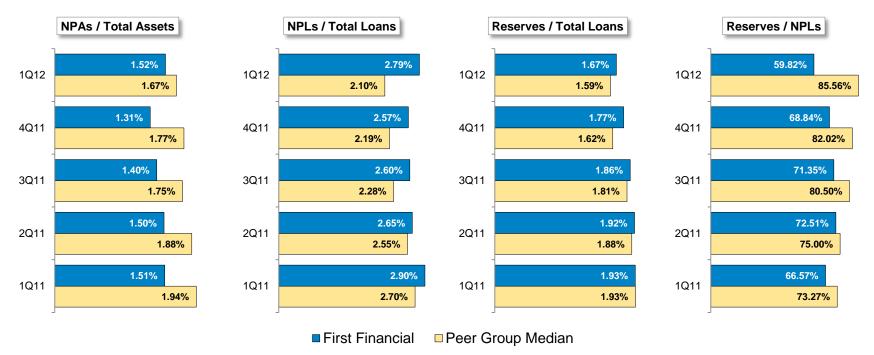
- Return on Average Risk Weighted Assets = 1.86% (Peer Median⁽¹⁾ = 1.22%)
- Risk Weighted Assets / Total Assets = 57.8% (Peer Median⁽¹⁾ = 67.34%)

⁽¹⁾ Peer Group comprised of the component banks within the KBW Regional Bank Index (49 total companies excluding First Financial); based on peer median financial data as of December 31, 2011



Credit Quality Review Excluding Covered Assets

- Classified assets totaled \$154.7 million as of March 31, 2012, declining 4.7% compared to the linked quarter and 16.7% compared to March 31, 2011
- Increase in NPLs during the quarter were impacted by an increase in accruing TDRs
- First quarter 2012 provision for loan losses declined 36.9% and net charge-offs declined 10.2% compared to the fourth quarter 2011



Peer Group comprised of the component banks within the KBW Regional Bank Index (49 total companies excluding First Financial); based on most recent financial information as of May 21, 2012.

Source: Peer Group median data obtained from SNL Financial

Selective Acquisitions

- Supplements organic growth strategy through expansion in strategic markets
- Transactions met all internal criteria for acquisitions
- Loss sharing arrangements provide significant protection on acquired loans
- Developed scalable covered asset and loss share management team comprised of credit, legal, accounting and finance

Peoples (FDIC) July 31, 2009

- 19 banking centers
- \$521mm deposits
- \$331mm in loss share covered loans¹
- No first loss position

Irwin (FDIC) September 18, 2009

- 27 banking centers
- \$2.5B deposits
- \$1.8B in loss share covered loans¹
- No first loss position

Flagstar Banking Centers December 2, 2011

- 22 banking centers
- \$342mm retail deposits
- \$123mm government deposits

Loan Portfolio June 30, 2009

 \$145 mm select performing commercial and consumer loans **Banking Centers August 28, 2009**

- 3 banking centers in Indiana
- \$85mm deposits
- \$41mm in select performing commercial and consumer loans

Liberty Banking Centers September 23, 2011

- 16 banking centers
- \$342mm deposits
- \$127mm in select in-market performing loans

¹ Estimated fair market value of loans

We will continue to evaluate opportunities but never lose sight of the core franchise Core philosophy and strategy remain unchanged



Franchise Highlights

- 1. Strong operating fundamentals 86 consecutive quarters of profitability
- Strong capital levels
- 3. Dividend yield in excess of 7.0%
- Low risk balance sheet
- 5. Credit metrics have remained strong throughout the economic downturn
- 6. Solid market share in strategic operating markets
- Platform for growth in commercial and CRE business lines in our key metropolitan markets and building scale in specialty finance product offerings



Appendix



Pre-Tax, Pre-Provision Income

	For the three				ree months ended					
Dollars in thousands	N	larch 31, 2012	Dec	ember 31, 2011	Se	ptember 30, 2011		June 30, 2011		March 31, 2011
Pre-tax, pre-provision income ¹	\$	30,020	\$	33,015	\$	31,814	\$	32,845	(\$ 29,768
Less: accelerated discount on covered loans		3,645		4,775		5,207		4,756		5,783
Plus: loss on covered OREO ²		3,043		2,521		3,755		2,621		3,112
Pre-tax, pre-provision income, net of accelerated discount and loss on covered OREO		29,418		30,761		30,362		30,710		27,097
Less: gain on sales of investment securities		-		2,541		-		-		-
Less: gain on sales of non-mortgage loans ³		66		290		700		429		-
Plus: acceleration of deferred swap fees associated with trust preferred redemption		-		-		-		590		-
Plus: One-time expenses related to branch acquisitions		-		1,037		1,791		-		-
Plus: One-time other exit and retention costs		-		2,501		1,583		-		-
Plus: One-time pension, trust and other costs		1,839		-		-		-		-
Adjusted pre-tax, pre-provision income	\$	31,191	\$	31,468	\$	33,036	\$	30,871	(\$ 27,097

¹ Represents income before taxes plus provision for all loans less FDIC loss sharing income

Reimbursements related to losses on covered OREO and other credit-related costs are included in FDIC loss sharing income, which is excluded from the pre-tax, pre-provision income above

³ Represents gain on sale of loans originated by franchise finance business

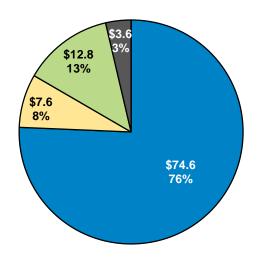


Revenue by Source

- Strategic Elements of the business that either existed prior to the acquisitions or were acquired with the intent to retain and grow. On a reported basis, approximately 76% of total revenue is derived from strategic businesses. Not including the FDIC loss sharing income, strategic operations represents 87% of total revenue.
- Acquired-Non-Strategic Elements of the business that the Company intends to exit but will continue to support to obtain maximum economic value. No growth or replacement is expected. Revenue will decrease over time as loans and deposits will not be renewed when they mature.
- FDIC Loss Sharing Income In accordance with guidance provided by the SEC, amounts recoverable from the FDIC related to credit losses on covered loans under loss sharing agreements are required to be recorded as noninterest income
- Accelerated Discount on Loan Prepayments and Dispositions – The acceleration of the unrealized valuation discount. Noninterest income results from the prepayment or sale of covered loans. This item will be ongoing but diminishing as covered loan balances decline over time.

Total Revenue: \$98.6 million

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2012 (Dollars in millions)



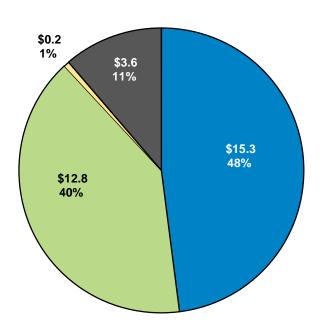
- ■Strategic
- □Transition Related/Acquired-Non-Strategic
- ■FDIC Loss Sharing Income
- Accelerated Discount on Paid in Full Loans



Noninterest Income and Expense

Components of Noninterest Income

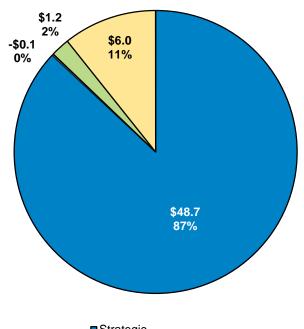
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2012 (Dollars in millions)



- Strategic
- ■FDIC Loss Sharing Income
- □Other Non-strategic
- ■Accelerated Discount on Paid in Full Loans

Components of Noninterest Expense

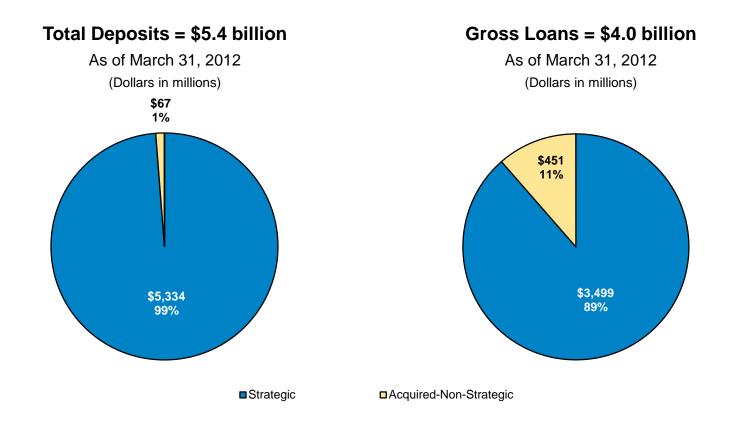
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2012 (Dollars in millions)



- Strategic
- Acquired-non-strategic
- ■FDIC Support
- ■Other Non-strategic



Deposit and Loan Composition

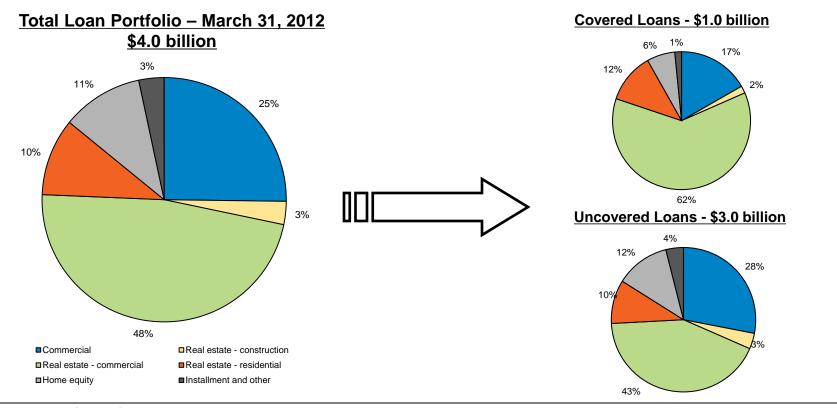


 Market exits are complete; acquired-non-strategic deposits consist primarily of time deposits in Western, Michigan and Louisville markets and brokered CDs.



Loan Composition

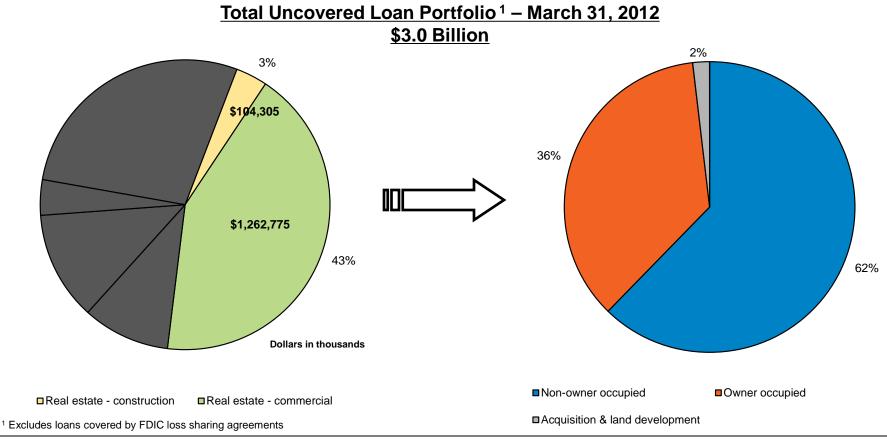
- In-house lending limit of \$15 million significantly below legal limit
- 25.0% of total loans covered under FDIC loss share agreements
- Total uncovered loans were essentially unchanged compared to the linked quarter and increased \$182.5 million, or 6.6%, compared to March 31, 2011





Uncovered Loans – RE Collateral

- Construction and acquisition and land development loans represent small portion of overall portfolio
- Commercial real estate and constructions loans located primarily in Ohio and Indiana markets

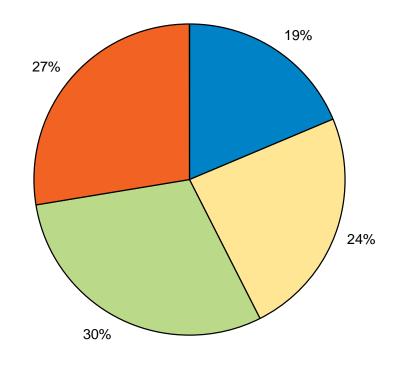




Deposit Composition

- Non-time deposit balances declined \$78.4 million during the first quarter 2012, driven by a \$149.9 million decrease in balances, primarily repriced public fund savings accounts, associated with the Flagstar acquisition.
- Offsetting the decline in repriced Flagstar balances was an increase of \$80.0 million in core retail transactional accounts
- Time deposit balances decreased \$163.5 million during the first quarter 2012 as a result of the continued focus on reducing non-core relationship deposits
- Deposit rationalization strategies related to deposit pricing continued to have a positive impact as the total costs of deposit funding declined to 57 bps, or 10.9% compared to the fourth quarter 2011
- Rationalization strategies are improving the quality of the deposit base and resulting in a stronger, core-funded balance sheet

<u>Total Deposits – March 31, 2012</u> \$5.4 Billion



■ Noninterest-bearing deposits

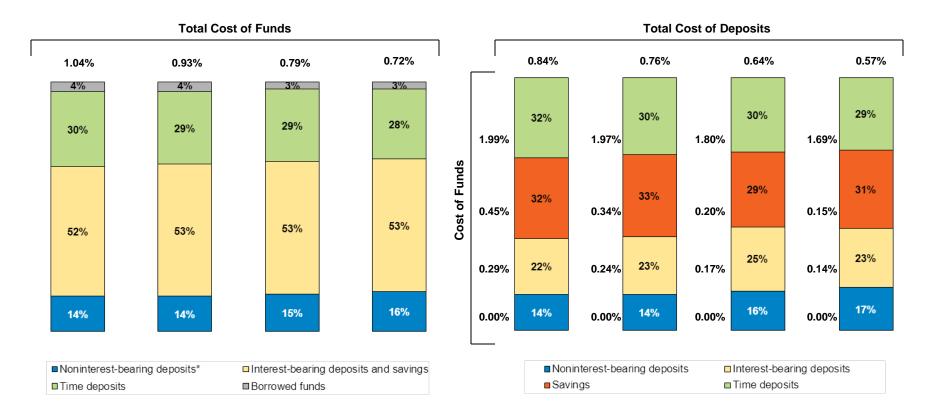
- ■Savings and MMDA
- □ Interest-bearing deposits
- ■Time deposits



Funding Structure and Cost of Funds

Average Balances – <u>Total Interest Bearing Liability Composition</u>

Average Balances - Deposit Composition



^{*} Not included in cost of funds calculation



Investment Portfolio

	As of March 31, 2012										
(Dollars in thousands)	S	ecurities HTM	S	ecurities AFS		Other estments		Total Securities	Percent of Portfolio	Tax Equiv. Yield	Effective Duration
Agencies	\$	31,394	\$	15,052	\$	-	\$	46,446	2.7%	2.90%	3.3
CMO - fixed rate		552,577		85,975		-		638,552	37.0%	2.38%	2.6
CMO - variable rate		-		225,732		-		225,732	13.1%	0.73%	1.5
MBS - fixed rate		136,678		271,709		-		408,387	23.7%	3.05%	2.5
MBS - variable rate		194,837		77,396		-		272,233	15.8%	2.93%	3.4
Municipal		2,272		8,690		-		10,962	0.6%	7.16%	1.2
Corporate		-		40,443		-		40,443	2.3%	5.73%	12.2
Other AFS securities		-		11,312		-		11,312	0.7%	3.72%	0.1
Regulatory stock		-		-		71,492		71,492	4.1%	3.72%	-
	\$	917,758	\$	736,309	\$	71,492	\$	1,725,559	100.0%	2.60%	2.6

- Investment portfolio represents 26.9% of total assets
- Average balance of investments increased \$407.1 million during the first quarter 2012 as cash proceeds from 2011 branch acquisitions have been fully deployed
- Yield earned on portfolio increased 32 bps during the quarter to 2.57%
- Overall duration of portfolio increased to 2.6 years during the first quarter 2012 from 2.4 years as of December 31, 2011



Covered Loan Balances

(Dollars in thousands)	Dec	cember 31, 2011	Sales ¹	Pre	payments	ntractual Activity ²	Cha	Net rge-Offs ³		ns With age Rem.	M	larch 31, 2012
Commercial	\$	195,892	\$ -	\$	12,656	\$ 12,546	\$	5,757	\$	-	\$	164,933
Real estate - construction		17,120	-		40	482		(129)		-		16,727
Real estate - commercial		637,044	(6,338)		25,117	6,310		2,814		-		609,141
Real estate - residential		121,117	-		3,709	1,941		39		-		115,428
Installment		13,176	-		280	281		536		-		12,079
Home equity		64,978	-		1,778	(2,237)		613		-		64,824
Other covered loans		3,917	-		-	430		-		-		3,487
Total covered loans	\$	1,053,244	\$ (6,338)	\$	43,580	\$ 19,753	\$	9,630	\$	-	\$	986,619

¹ Negative amount represents repurchased loan participations associated with loans covered under loss share agreements

 During the first quarter 2012, the total balance of covered loans decreased \$66.6 million, 6.3%, as compared to December 31, 2011

² Includes partial paydowns, accretion of the valuation discount and advances on revolving loans

³ Indemnified at 80% from the FDIC

Covered Loan Activity

- The majority of the loans acquired as part of the FDIC-assisted transactions are accounted for under ASC Topic 310-30 which requires the Company to periodically update its forecast of expected cash flows from these loans.
- As of March 31, 2012, the allowance for loan and lease losses attributed to valuation of loans accounted for under ASC Topic 310-30 was \$46.2 million, an increase of \$3.3 million from the fourth quarter 2011.
 Expected payments from the FDIC, in the form of FDIC loss sharing income, offset approximately 80% of the recorded impairment and charge-offs.
- Covered loans continue to maintain yields significantly higher than the Company's uncovered loan portfolio.

		First Quarter 2012 Results									
Dollars in thousands	ance as of :. 31, 2012	Current Period pairment		pairment ecapture / Relief		t Current Period pairment	Impr	rovement	Projected Wtd. Avg. Rate	Life-to- Date Avg. Rate	Day 1 Projected Rate
Total loans	\$ 910,331	\$ 11,911	\$	(8,590)	\$	3,321	\$	3,333	11.01% 1		
Allowance for loan and lease losses	(46,156)	-		-		-		-	0.59%		
Total net loans	\$ 864,175	\$ 11,911	\$	(8,590)	\$	3,321 ³	\$	3,333	11.60% ²	10.72%	9.10%
FDIC indemnification asset	\$ 156,397	NA		NA		NA		NA	(5.70%)	1.56%	6.50%
					Weighted average yield			ield	8.95%	9.47%	8.75%

¹ The actual yield realized may be different than the projected yield due to activity that occurs after the periodic valuation.

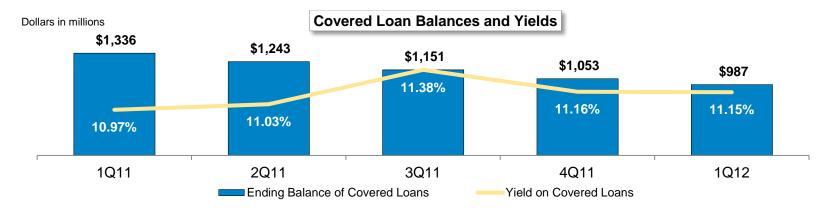
² Accretion rates are applied to the net carrying value of the loan which includes the allow ance for loan and lease losses.

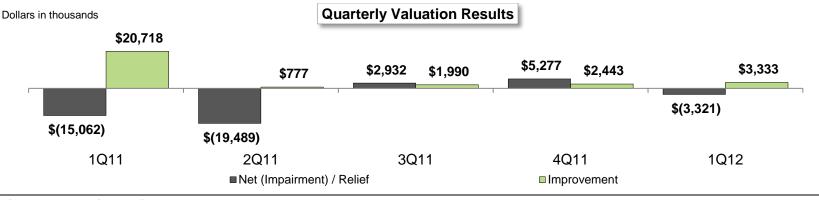
³ Covered loan provision expense of \$12.9 million was comprised of net charge-offs during the period of \$9.6 million and net impairment / (relief) of \$3.3 million.



Covered Loan Performance

- While covered loans continue to decline, better than expected performance has resulted in a consistently high yield on the portfolio
- Improvement and impairment result from quarterly re-estimation of cash flows expectations; net present value of expected cash flows are influenced by the amount and timing of such cash flows







Components of Credit Losses Covered Assets

	For the three months ended March 31,							
Dollars in thousands	2012			Descr	iption			
Net incremental impairment for period	\$3,321 ——		duction in expecterior period impa			ain loan pools net		
Net charge-offs	9,630 — Represents actual net charge-offs of the recorded investment in covered loans during the period ¹							
Provision for loan and lease losses - covered	12,951	Actual Covered Asset Credit Losses						
Loss on sale - covered OREO	1,292		\$4,873	\$2,638	\$1,998	\$3,178		
Other credit-related expenses	1,751				4 1,000			
Total gross credit losses	\$15,994		2Q11	3Q11	4Q11	1Q12		
FDIC loss share income (Noninterest income)	\$12,816 ————> Represents receivable due from FDIC on estimated credit losses; calculated as approximately 80% of gross credit losses related to covered assets							
	\$3,178 — Difference between these two amounts represents actual credit costs for the period							

¹ Investment in covered loans originally recorded at less than unpaid principal balance to reflect anticipated credit losses at time of acquisition



Reinvestment of Covered Loan Proceeds "Bear Case" vs. "Bull Case" Scenarios

Dollars in thousands

As of March 31, 2012

Recorded investment ¹
Unamortized discount

\$986,619

Unpaid principal balance

166,286 \$1,152,905 What happens when the covered loan portfolio pays down?

If all covered loans repaid today at 100% UPB, this is the amount of cash that would be received and reinvested in other interestearning assets

FDIC

Indemn. Asset

\$156,397

(5.24%)

Interest Income Comparison

The "Bear Case" assumes cash proceeds from repayment of covered loans are used to purchase investment securities. The "Bull Case" assumes proceeds are used to fund loan growth. Dollars in thousands

Balance \$986,619

Yield on asset ² 11.15%

Annualized interest income

Annualized after-tax interest income

per diluted share ³

"Bear Case"	"Bull Case"
Reinvested in Investments	Reinvested in New Loans
\$1,152,905	\$1,152,905
2.00%	4.25%
\$23,058	\$48,998
\$0.25	\$0.54

² Based on current or prospective asset yields as of the date of this presentation; "Bear Case" investment yield assumes purchases of securities consistent with current portfolio (e.g., agency MBS)

¹ Total balance of loans covered under loss share agreements.

³ Based on first quarter 2012 average diluted common shares outstanding of 58,881,043; tax rate of 35% applied



Comparison of Financial Impact

The tables below present a comparison of the impact on diluted earnings per share under various scenarios

Extreme Cases

- If <u>all acquired loans</u> were to prepay immediately, diluted EPS would benefit by \$0.84 per share as of the first quarter 2012
- The absolute worst case scenario a 100% loss on all acquired loans would negatively impact diluted EPS by \$0.99 per share as of the first quarter 2012

Extreme Scenarios - All Acquired Loans

Recognition of Noninterest Income Assumes All Acquired Loans Prepay Immediately							
	As of						
Dollars in millions	3/31/12	12/31/11					
Unamortized discount	\$166	\$189					
FDIC indemnification asset ¹	(136)	(144)					
Allowance for loan losses - covered	46	43					
Discount net of indemnification asset							
and allowance	\$76	\$88					

npact of immediate recognition of		
namortized discount on after-tax		
iluted earnings per share 2	\$0.84	\$0.97

Estimated Maximum Credit Loss Exposure Assumes 100% Loss on Total UPB								
	As of							
Dollars in millions	3/31/12	12/31/11						
FFBC share of stated loss threshold	\$114	\$116						
FFBC share of max. additional losses	52	58						
Maximum possible credit loss	166	174						
FDIC indemnification asset ¹	136	144						
Unamortized discount	(166)	(189)						
Allowance for loan losses - acquired	(46)	(43)						
Adjusted max. possible credit loss	\$90	\$86						
Impact of immediate recognition of additional credit losses on after-tax diluted earnings per share 2	(\$0.99)	(\$0.95)						

Best Estimate

If <u>only ASC Topic 310-30 loans</u> were to pay as expected, the benefit to after-tax revenue per diluted share would be **\$3.29**, earned over the <u>remaining</u> life of the portfolio. Current <u>weighted average</u> life is approximately 3.5 years.

Payment as Expected

Recognition of Interest Income Assumes Loans Amortize Over Expected Life								
	As of							
Dollars in millions	3/31/12	12/31/11						
Total expected cash flows	\$1,226	\$1,320						
Recorded investment	914	977						
Total accretable difference	312	343						
FDIC indemnification asset ³	(14)	(17)						
Total net accretable difference	\$298	\$326						

Impact of accretable difference on		
after-tax revenue per diluted share		
over the expected life of the loans 2	\$3.29	\$3.61

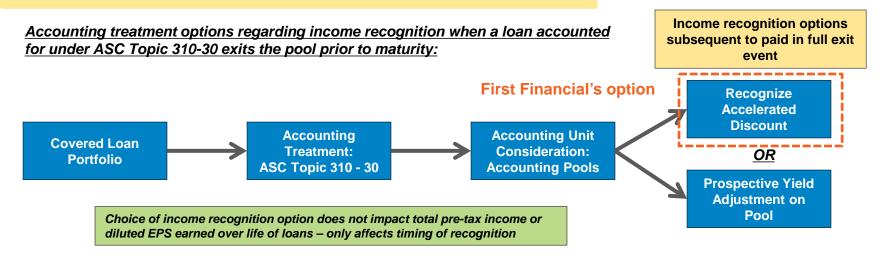
¹ Represents the amount presented on the balance sheet less claims submitted to the FDIC but not yet received and FDIC indemnification related to OREO

² Based on first quarter 2012 average diluted common shares outstanding of 58,881,043 and fourth quarter 2011 average diluted common shares outstanding of 58,672,575; tax rate of 35% applied

³ Projected amortization of FDIC indemnification asset over average expected life of portfolio



Accounting for Covered Loans Impact on Profitability Metrics of Accounting Treatment



<u>Estimated net interest margin and diluted earnings per share assuming accelerated discount was recognized as a prospective yield adjustment on accounting pools:</u>

		Pro F	Pro Forma Diluted Earnings Per Share				
	Pro Forma Net Interest Margin		Fourth Q	Fourth Quarter 2011		First Quarter 2012	
Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts	Fourth Quarter 2011	First Quarter 2012	Pre-Tax	EPS ²	Pre-Tax	EPS ²	
Actual	4.32%	4.51%	6	\$0.31		\$0.29	
Incremental interest income ¹	\$3,482	\$3,803	\$3,482	2 0.04	\$3,803	0.02	
Recognized accelerated discount	-	-	(4,775	5) (0.05)	(3,645)	(0.02)	
Average earning assets	6,014,136	5,950,151			-	-	
Incremental net interest margin	0.23%	0.26%	, 0				
Pro forma	4.55%	4.77%	6	\$0.30		\$0.29	

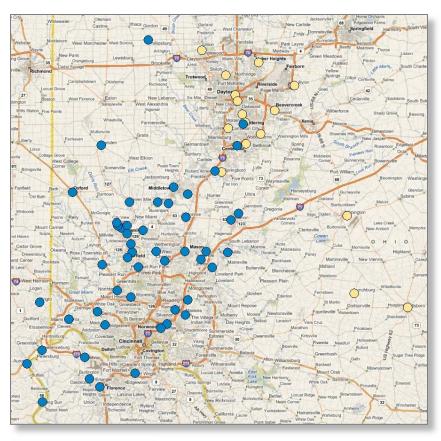
Assumes accelerated discount recognized to date is added back to the accounting pools and accreted into income based on the weighted average life of the pools as of the applicable quarter the accelerated discount was recorded

² Earnings per share impact based on the applicable period's average diluted shares outstanding; tax rate of 35% applied



Liberty Savings Bank Branch Acquisition Branch Map and Deposit Market Share

Southwestern Ohio



	First	Fir	nan	cial	Band	or	p.
\sim			_		_		

Liberty Savings Bank FSB

Pro Forma Deposit Market Share								
Dayton, OH MSA								
FDIC Deposit Data as of June 30, 2011 - Holding Company Level								
2011 Rank	Name	City, State	Number of Branches	Total Deposits (\$000s)	Market Share (%)			
1	Fifth Third Bancorp	Cincinnati, OH	47	\$ 2,423,183	23.3			
2	JPMorgan Chase & Co.	New York, NY	33	1,701,335	16.4			
3	PNC Financial Services Grp Inc.	Pitts burgh, PA	32	1,549,300	14.9			
4	KeyCorp	Cleveland, OH	20	1,054,931	10.1			
5	U.S. Bancorp	Minneapolis, MN	30	756,701	7.3			
6	Huntington Bancshares Inc.	Columbus, OH	12	584,777	5.6			
7	Pro Forma First Financial Bancorp	Cincinnati, OH	16	466,620	4.5			
7	U.S. Bancorp	Cincinnati, OH	5	423,480	4.1			
8	Liberty Capital Inc.	Wilmington, OH	12	295,022	2.8			
9	Park National Corp.	Newark, OH	9	291,026	2.8			
10	First Financial Bancorp.	Cincinnati, OH	4	171,598	1.7			
	Other institutions		52	992,322	9.5			
	Market total		261	\$10,405,113	100.0			

Source: SNL Financial LC

- Significantly enhances presence in key market of Dayton
- Deposit composition and cost of funds similar to existing First Financial deposit base
- Strong growth potential in all business lines under First Financial brand
- Positions First Financial as largest community bank operating in the Dayton MSA



Flagstar Bank Branch Acquisition Branch Map and Deposit Market Share

Indiana



First Financial Bancorp.

Flagstar Bancorp Inc.

Pro Forma Depo	sit Market Share
Indianapo	lis, IN MSA

FDIC Deposit Data as of June 30, 2011 - Holding Company Level

2011 Rank	Name	City, State	Number of Branches	Total Deposits (\$000s)	Market Share (%)	
1	JPMorgan Chase & Co.	New York, NY	83	\$ 7,762,689	25.0	
2	PNC Financial Services Grp Inc.	Pitts burgh, PA	71	6,899,386	22.2	
3	Fifth Third Bancorp	Cincinnati, OH	47	2,817,795	9.1	
4	BMO Financial Group	Toronto, ON	42	2,254,450	7.3	
5	Huntington Bancshares Inc.	Columbus, OH	45	2,061,363	6.6	
6	Natl Bank of Indianapolis Corp.	Indianapolis, IN	12	1,210,994	3.9	
7	Regions Financial Corp.	Birmingham, AL	29	1,207,981	3.9	
8	KeyCorp	Cleveland, OH	34	1,207,717	3.9	
9	Old National Bancorp	Evans ville, IN	51	762,100	2.5	
10	First Merchants Corp.	Muncie, IN	17	596,578	1.9	
11	Pro Forma First Financial Bancorp	Cincinnati, OH	23	519,359	1.7	
15	First Financial Bancorp.	Cincinnati, OH	5	260,220	0.8	
16	Flagstar Bancorp Inc.	Troy, MI	18	259,139	0.8	
	Other institutions		138	3,801,648	12.2	
	Market total		592	\$31,102,060	100.0	

Source: SNL Financial LC

Note: Flagstar Indiana deposits do not include deposits held by Indiana-based public entities

- Significantly enhances presence in key market of Indianapolis
- Demographically desirable branch locations
- Strong growth potential in all business lines under First Financial brand
- High scarcity value few acquisitions targets available in market with similar scale and footprint

Another step on the path to success

